# **Front Range Equine Rescue**

# **Independent Auditor's Report** and Financial Statements

December 31, 2024 and 2023

Independent Auditor's Report	1
Financial Statements	
Statements of Financial Position	3
Statements of Activities	4
Statement of Functional Expenses – 2024	5
Statement of Functional Expenses – 2023	6
Statements of Cash Flows	7
Notes to Financial Statements	a

Forvis Mazars, LLP
111 S. Tejon Street, Suite 800
Colorado Springs, CO 80903
P 719.471.4290 | F 719.632.8087

forvismazars.us



**Independent Auditor's Report** 

Board of Directors Front Range Equine Rescue Ocala, Florida

#### **Report on Financial Statements**

#### **Opinion**

We have audited the financial statements of Front Range Equine Rescue, which comprise the statements of financial position as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the related statements of activities, functional expenses and cash flows for the years then ended, and the related notes to the financial statements.

In our opinion, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of Front Range Equine Rescue as of December 31, 2024 and 2023, and the changes in its net assets and its cash flows for the years then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

#### **Basis for Opinion**

We conducted our audits in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America (GAAS). Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Front Range Equine Rescue and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audits. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinion.

#### Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Front Range Equine Rescue's ability to continue as a going concern within one year after the date that these financial statements are available to be issued.

#### Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with GAAS will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with GAAS, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
  fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures
  include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial
  statements.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
  that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
  effectiveness of Front Range Equine Rescue's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is
  expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Front Range Equine Rescue's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Forvis Mazars, LLP

Colorado Springs, Colorado March 4, 2025

	2024	2023
ASSETS		
Current Assets		
Cash	\$ 664,134	\$ 591,099
Prepaid expenses and other assets	65,271	16,458
Short-term investments	8,259,591	9,037,787
Property held for sale	 834,368	 
Total Current Assets	 9,823,364	9,645,344
Property and Equipment		
Buildings and improvements	1,327,827	872,265
Land	713,000	175,000
Equipment	140,806	145,783
Accumulated depreciation	 (131,516)	 (333,571)
Total Property and Equipment	 2,050,117	859,477
Total Assets	\$ 11,873,481	\$ 10,504,821
LIABILITIES AND NET ASSETS		
Current Liabilities		
Accounts payable	\$ 100,778	\$ 46,738
Accrued liabilities	 950	959
Total Current Liabilities	 101,728	 47,697
Net Assets		
Net assets without donor restrictions	 11,771,753	10,457,124
Total Liabilities and Net Assets	\$ 11,873,481	\$ 10,504,821

See Notes to Financial Statements

# Front Range Equine Rescue Statements of Activities Years Ended December 31, 2024 and 2023

	2024	2023
Revenues, Gains and Other Support, Without Donor Restrictions		
Contributions and grants Direct mail contributions	\$ 858,075 1,170,391	\$ 1,129,052 1,089,061
Total public support	2,028,466	2,218,113
Investment return, net Gain on sale of property and equipment	407,052 43,344	378,461 
Total other revenues	450,396	378,461
Total Revenues, Gains and Other Support, Without Donor Restrictions	2,478,862	2,596,574
Expenses Program services Management and general Fundraising	991,908 85,734 86,591	916,347 66,825 85,109
Total Expenses	1,164,233	1,068,281
Change in Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions	1,314,629	1,528,293
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions, Beginning of Year	10,457,124	8,928,831
Net Assets Without Donor Restrictions, End of Year	\$ 11,771,753	\$ 10,457,124

		Support		
	Program Services	Management and General	Fundraising	Total
Accounting Depreciation expense Direct mail expense Direct mail postage	\$ - 44,977 144,866 225,638	\$ 42,921 7,937 6,817 8,357	\$ - 18,747 44,571	\$ 42,921 52,914 170,430 278,566
Direct mail printing Facility expenses Feed Grants	102,743 22,699 96,374 122,293	3,805 3,940	20,295 - -	126,843 26,639 96,374 122,293
Horse care, supplies and boarding Insurance	113,604 2,635	- -	- -	113,604 2,635
Miscellaneous expenses Office expense Payroll taxes	10,020 4,098 2,048	393 216 91	13 - 137	10,426 4,314 2,276
Professional fees Salaries Utilities Veterinarian care	525 42,425 6,353 50,610	8,977 1,886 394	2,828 - _	9,502 47,139 6,747 50,610
	<u>\$ 991,908</u>	\$ 85,734	\$ 86,591	\$ 1,164,233

		Support		
	Program	Management		
	Services	and General	Fundraising	Total
Accounting	\$ -	\$ 32,726	\$ -	\$ 32,726
Advocacy	φ - 6	Ψ 32,720	Ψ -	φ 32,720
Depreciation expense	21,889	3,863	_	25,752
Direct mail expense	105,976	4,987	13,715	124,678
Direct mail postage	235,942	8,739	46,606	291,287
Direct mail printing	112,122	4,153	22,148	138,423
Facility expenses	12,971	1,839	22,140	14,810
Feed	72,940	1,000	_	72,940
Grants	150,778	_	_	150,778
Horse care, supplies	100,770			100,770
and boarding	84,244	_	_	84,244
Insurance	4,566	_	_	4,566
Miscellaneous expenses	16,632	_	64	16,696
Office expense	5,035	265	-	5,300
Payroll taxes	3,858	171	257	4,286
Professional fees	-	8,142	-	8,142
Salaries	34,786	1,546	2,319	38,651
Utilities	6,111	394	2,010	6,505
Veterinarian care	48,491	-	<u>-</u>	48,491
V Otormanan Garo	40,401			70,401
	\$ 916,347	\$ 66,825	\$ 85,109	\$ 1,068,281

		2024		2023	
Cash Flows from Operating Activities					
Change in net assets	\$	1,314,629	\$	1,528,293	
Items not requiring (providing) cash					
to net cash flows from operating activities					
Gain on sale of property and equipment		(43,344)		-	
Depreciation		52,914		25,752	
Unrealized and realized gains on investments Changes in		(378,198)		(332,031)	
Prepaid expenses and other assets		(48,813)		(4,076)	
Accounts payable and accrued liabilities		54,031		(77,492)	
Net Cash Provided by Operating Activities		951,219		1,140,446	
Cash Flows from Investing Activities					
Proceeds from sale of property and equipment		43,344		-	
Purchase of property and equipment		(2,077,922)		-	
Proceeds from sale of investments		11,431,177		5,903,209	
Purchase of investments		(10,274,783)		(7,933,784)	
Net Cash Used in Investing Activities		(878,184)		(2,030,575)	
Net Change in Cash		73,035		(890,129)	
Cash, Beginning of Year		591,099		1,481,228	
Cash, End of Year	_\$	664,134	\$	591,099	

See Notes to Financial Statements 7

#### Note 1. Nature of Operations and Summary of Significant Accounting Policies

#### Nature of Operations

Front Range Equine Rescue (the Organization) is a not-for-profit organization working to prevent the abuse and neglect of horses through rescue and education.

Direct rescue involves saving horses from abusive situations, providing rehabilitation, training evaluation and adoption to qualified homes. A small number of horses retire with the Organization when they are unlikely to adopt but are still in overall good health. Direct rescue also involves providing humane euthanasia for horses debilitated or suffering from various conditions including disease or severe injury where quality of life is diminished.

A critical aspect of rescue work is to prevent abuse from occurring. This goal can be accomplished through direct rescue efforts, by education of new, potential and existing horse owners (and the general public) is key to eliminating abuse. Providing creative, yet practical solutions for horses is necessary to advance equine welfare. Examples include educating horse owners on safe means to re-home their horses; providing short-term assistance to horse owners during financial crisis or natural disasters; provide outlets for former competition horses for second careers instead of dumping into the slaughter pipeline; and utilizing safe, humane alternatives for wild horses other than roundups, warehousing in government pens, or slaughter.

The educational program consists of events and printed materials which provide information on horse care, owner responsibility, wild horse issues, and ending horse slaughter responsibly. Events and clinics have included basic first aid, equine nutrition, round pen basics, under saddle problem solving, trail riding safely, fire/disaster evacuation, trailer loading, natural horsemanship, effectively communicating with horses, and youth camps. National campaigns focus on ending horse slaughter and protection of wild horses. Campaigns include legal action and advocacy when appropriate.

#### Use of Estimates

The preparation of financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires management to make estimates and assumptions that affect the reported amounts of assets and liabilities and disclosure of contingent assets and liabilities at the date of the financial statements and the reported amounts of revenues, expenses gains, losses and other changes in net assets during the reporting period. Actual results could differ from those estimates.

#### Cash

At December 31, 2024, the Organization's cash accounts exceeded federally insured limits by approximately \$230,000. Cash equivalents held for investment purposes are classified as investments for financial reporting purposes.

#### Investments and Investment Return

The Organization measures securities at fair value. Investment return includes dividend, interest and other investment income; realized and unrealized gains and losses on investments carried at fair value, less external and direct internal investment expenses. Gains and losses on the sale of securities are recorded on the trade date and are determined using the specific identification method.

Investment return that is initially restricted by donor stipulation and for which the restriction will be satisfied in the same year is included in net assets without donor restriction. Other investment return is reflected in the statements of activities with or without donor restrictions restricted based upon the existence and nature of any donor or legally imposed restrictions.

#### **Property and Equipment**

Property and equipment are stated at cost less accumulated depreciation. Depreciation is charged to expense using the straight-line method over the estimated useful life of each asset.

The estimated useful lives for each major depreciable classification of property and equipment are as follows:

Building and improvements 20 - 39 years Equipment 5 - 7 years

Property held for sale relates to property the Organization holds in Ocala, Florida, which was approved by the Board of Directors for sale in December 2024. This property has been reclassified on the statement of financial position.

#### Long-Lived Asset Impairment

The Organization evaluates the recoverability of the carrying value of long-lived assets whenever events or circumstances indicate the carrying amount may not be recoverable. If a long-lived asset is tested for recoverability and the undiscounted estimated future cash flows expected to result from the use and eventual disposition of the asset are less than the carrying amount of the asset, the asset cost is adjusted to fair value and an impairment loss is recognized as the amount by which the carrying amount of a long-lived asset exceeds its fair value.

No asset impairment was recognized during the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023.

#### **Supplies**

The Organization holds various program and fundraising related supplies. The Organization expenses these items upon purchase as the result of additional, future revenues from these materials is not reasonably assured.

#### **Net Assets**

Net assets, revenues, gains and losses are classified based on the existence or absence of donor- or grantor-imposed restrictions. Net assets without donor restrictions are available for use in general operations and not subject to donor restrictions.

#### **Contributions**

Contributions are provided to the Organization either with or without restrictions placed on the gift by the donor. Revenues and net assets are separately reported to reflect the nature of those gifts – with or without donor restrictions. The value recorded for each contribution is recognized as follows:

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Conditional gifts, with or without restriction  Gifts that depend on the Organization	Not recognized until the gift becomes unconditional,
overcoming a donor-imposed barrier to be entitled to the funds	i.e., the donor-imposed barrier is met
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction Received at date of gift – cash and other assets	Fair value
Received at date of gift – property, equipment and long-lived assets	Estimated fair value
Expected to be collected within one year	Net realizable value

Nature of the Gift	Value Recognized
Unconditional gifts, with or without restriction	
Collected in future years	Initially reported at fair value determined using the discounted present value of estimated future cash flows technique

Gifts and investment income having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

Conditional contributions having donor stipulations which are satisfied in the period the gift is received are recorded as revenue and net assets without donor restrictions.

#### **Contributed Services**

Volunteers have donated significant amounts of time assisting the Organization in achieving its goals and in supporting various program activities. The financial statements do not reflect the value of these donated services as no objective basis is available to measure their value.

#### Income Taxes

The Organization is exempt from income taxes under Section 501(c)(3) of the Internal Revenue Code and a similar provision of state law. However, the Organization is subject to federal income tax on any unrelated business taxable income. Front Range Equine Rescue has no unrelated business income during the years ended 2024 and 2023.

#### Functional Allocation of Expenses

The costs of supporting the various programs and other activities have been summarized on a functional basis in the statements of activities. Certain costs have been allocated among the program, management and general and fundraising categories based on time and effort, space usage, and other methods.

### Note 2. Liquidity and Availability

The Organization receives significant contributions from donors and considers contributions restricted for programs which are ongoing, major and central to its annual operations to be available to meet cash needs for general expenses.

As part of the Organization's liquidity management, it has a policy to invest its cash in excess of operating requirements and the liquidity reserve of \$600,000 in various investments to be used for general expenses, liabilities and other obligations that come due.

The liquidity reserve is a fund established by the governing board that may be drawn upon in the event of financial distress or an immediate liquidity need resulting from events outside of the typical life cycle of converting financial assets to cash or settling financial liabilities.

#### Front Range Equine Rescue Notes to Financial Statements December 31, 2024 and 2023

The following table shows financial assets held at December 31, 2024 and 2023 that could be made available during the following years to meet general expenditures:

	 2024		2023	
Financial assets at year-end Cash Short-term investments	\$ 664,134 8,259,591	\$	591,099 9,037,787	
Financial assets available to meet general expenses within one year	\$ 8,923,725	\$	9,628,886	

#### Note 3. Disclosures About Fair Value of Assets

Fair value is the price that would be received to sell an asset or paid to transfer a liability in an orderly transaction between market participants at the measurement date. Fair value measurements must maximize the use of observable inputs and minimize the use of unobservable inputs. There is a hierarchy of three levels of inputs that may be used to measure fair value:

- Level 1 Quoted prices in active markets for identical assets or liabilities
- **Level 2** Observable inputs other than Level 1 prices, such as quoted prices for similar assets or liabilities; quoted prices in markets that are not active; or other inputs that are observable or can be corroborated by observable market data for substantially the full term of the assets or liabilities
- **Level 3** Unobservable inputs supported by little or no market activity and are significant to the fair value of the assets or liabilities

#### Recurring Measurements

The following tables present the fair value measurements of assets recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position measured at fair value on a recurring basis and the level within the fair value hierarchy in which the fair value measurements fall at December 31, 2024 and 2023:

	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Money market funds U.S. Treasury securities (short-term) Certificates of deposit (short-term)	\$ 677,411 7,582,180	\$ 677,411 - -	\$ - 7,582,180 -	\$ - - -	
	\$ 8,259,591	\$ 677,411	\$ 7,582,180	\$ -	
		20 Fair Value Meas	23 urements Using	<del></del>	
	Fair Value	Quoted Prices in Active Markets for Identical Assets (Level 1)	Significant Other Observable Inputs (Level 2)	Significant Unobservable Inputs (Level 3)	
Money market funds U.S. Treasury securities (short-term) Certificates of deposit (short-term)	\$ 1,743 8,543,240 492,804	\$ 1,743 - -	\$ - 8,543,240 492,804	\$ - - -	
	\$ 9,037,787	\$ 1,743	\$ 9,036,044	\$ -	

Following is a description of the valuation methodologies and inputs used for assets measured at fair value on a recurring basis and recognized in the accompanying statements of financial position, as well as the general classification of such assets pursuant to the valuation hierarchy. There have been no significant changes in the valuation techniques during the year ended December 31, 2024. The Organization holds no liabilities reported at fair value on a recurring basis nor any assets or liabilities reported at fair value on a non-recurring basis.

#### Investments

Where quoted market prices are available in an active market, securities are classified within Level 1 of the valuation hierarchy. Level 1 investments include a money market fund and various publicly traded equity securities. If quoted market prices are not available, then fair values are estimated by using quoted prices of securities with similar characteristics or independent asset pricing services and pricing models. Such securities are classified in Level 2 of the valuation hierarchy and include certificates of deposit. In certain cases where Level 1 or Level 2 inputs are not available, securities are classified within Level 3 of the hierarchy. The Organization currently holds no Level 3 investments.

#### Note 4. Allocation of Joint Costs

The Organization conducted activities that included requests for contributions, as well as program and management and general components. Those activities include the use of a direct mail service that produces, prints and distributes educational, programmatic and fundraising materials and solicitations. The costs of conducting those activities included a total of \$575,839 and \$554,388 in 2024 and 2023, respectively, of joint costs, which are not specifically attributable to particular components of the activities. These joint costs were allocated as follows:

 2024		2023
\$ 83,613 473,247	\$	82,469 454,040 17,879
\$ 575,839	\$	554,388
\$	473,247 18,979	473,247 18,979

The Organization uses the criteria as defined in FASB Accounting Standards Codification 958-720 to identify joint activities and allocate those costs among the particular functional classifications.

#### Note 5. Related-Party Transactions

The President and the Executive Director of the Organization serve on the Board of Directors of an affiliated organization that received contributions from Front Range Equine Rescue. The Organization recorded \$80,000 and \$100,000 for the years ended December 31, 2024 and 2023, respectively, to grant expense related to grants made to this affiliated organization.

## Note 6. Significant Estimates and Concentrations

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require disclosure of certain significant estimates and current vulnerabilities due to certain concentrations. Those matters include the following:

#### **Contributions**

Approximately 50% of contributions were received from one donor in 2023.

# Note 7. Subsequent Events

Subsequent events have been evaluated through March 4, 2025, which is the date the financial statements were available to be issued.